## Death Certificate Tip Sheet for Providers, State of Nevada

Help Desk for Logins or Technical Support: 775-684-4166 M-F 8a to 5p, responds to messages on weekends

- No Abbreviations
- > Use "tab" to navigate between fields (system will give you some prompts with this approach vs. mouse/cursor)
- > To find a record, look in the Work Queue (along the top or screen in blue) or Search

Green tabs (Only the 4 listed below are required for providers):

- 1) Certifier Tab
  - a) Tab through and fill out fields, skip if needed
- 2) Cause of Death Tab
  - a) Pending Investigation: Y, N or X (not applicable)
  - b) Death Due to Communicable disease: Y or N
  - c) Fill in Immediate Cause (Interval is helpful but not required)
    - i) If cause is listed (back of sheet) on CDC Form 04-0377, then another condition which is NOT on the list must be present as well
    - ii) Unknown or unspecified etiology is an acceptable as another cause of death
    - iii) Hip fractures should always be reviewed by the Coroner's Office as they could be result of a fall
    - iv) If cancer is listed, the place of origination and spread should be added if possible
  - d) Fill in Conditions Leading and other significant conditions (as many as known)
  - e) Autopsy box: Y or N
  - f) Tobacco box: Y or N (don't forget to fill out, it will bounce back)
  - g) Female, drop down if applicable
  - h) Coroner contacted Y or N
- 3) Cause of Death Tab (cont)
  - a) If Natural Causes is selected, then no other information needed, otherwise fill out as indicated
- 4) Signatures Tab to sign electronically
- 5) PRESS SAVE (disk icon in the top right of the record), complete

This tip sheet was updated by Karen Massey on 2/9/2016 based on materials from the Nevada Office of Vital Records and is intended only as assistance. For specific rules and requirements, please contact the Nevada Office of Vital Records.

If any of these are used as the Cause of Death (from CDC Form 04-0377), an additional cause of death NOT on this list MUST be listed (this may be satisfied by Etiology unknown).

YOU MUST ADD SOMETHING **NOT** ON THE LIST BELOW (which may include Etiology unknown). If you use only the following without addressing etiology, your record will kick back.

## When processes such as the following are reported, additional information about the etiology should be reported:

Abscess Carcinogenesis
Abdominal hemorrhage Carcinomatosis
Adhesions Cardiac arrest
Adult respiratory distress
syndrome Cardiomyopathy
Acute myocardial infarction
Altered mental status Cellulitis

Anemia Cerebral edema
Anoxia Cerebrovascular accident
Anoxic encephalopathy Cerebellar tonsillar herniation

Arrhythmia Chronic bedridden state Ascites Cirrhosis Aspiration Coagulopathy Atrial fibrillation Compression fracture Bacteremia Congestive heart failure Bedridden Convulsions Biliary obstruction Decubiti Bowel obstruction Dehydration

Brain injury

Brain stem herniation (when not otherwise specified)

Dementia

Diarrhea
Disseminated intravascular
coagulopathy
Dysrhythmia
End-stage liver disease
End-stage renal disease
Epidural hematoma
Exsanguination
Failure to thrive
Fracture

Gangrene Gastrointestinal hemorrhage Heart failure

Hemothorax
Hepatic failure
Hepatitis
Hepatorenal syndrome
Hyperglycemia
Hyperkalemia

Hypovolemic shock

Hyponatremia
Hypotension
Immunosuppression
Increased intracranial pressure
Intracranial hemorrhage
Malnutrition

Metabolic encephalopathy
Multi-organ failure
Multi-system organ failure
Myocardial infarction
Necrotizing soft-tissue infection

Old age
Open (or closed) head injury

Open (or closed) head inju Pancytopenia Paralysis

Perforated gallbladder Peritonitis Pleural effusions Pneumonia Pulmonary arrest Pulmonary edema Pulmonary embolism Pulmonary insufficiency Renal failure Respiratory arrest

Seizures
Sepsis
Septic shock
Shock
Starvation

Subarachnoid hemorrhage Subdural hematoma Sudden death Thrombocytopenia Uncal herniation Urinary tract infection Ventricular fibrillation

Ventricular tachycardia Volume depletion

If the certifier is unable to determine the etiology of a process such as those shown above, the process must be qualified as being of an unknown, undetermined, probable, presumed, or unspecified etiology so it is clear that a distinct etiology was not inadvertently or carelessly omitted.



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